## Algebra III

100 Points

## Notes.

(a) Begin each answer on a separate sheet and ensure that the answers to all the parts to a question are arranged contiguously.

(b)  $\mathbb{Z}$  = integers,  $\mathbb{Q}$  = rational numbers,  $\mathbb{R}$  = real numbers  $\mathbb{C}$  = complex numbers.

1. [10 points] Let  $f : \mathbb{C}[X, Y] \to \mathbb{C}[t]$  be the map between polynomial rings over  $\mathbb{C}$  such that f is identity on  $\mathbb{C}$  and  $f(X) = t^2$ ,  $f(Y) = t^5$ . Prove that the kernel of f is generated by  $Y^2 - X^5$ .

2. [15 points]

(i) Let R be a ring. Prove that for ideals I, J in R, if I + J = R, then  $I \cdot J = I \cap J$ .

(ii) In the ring  $R = \mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{-5}]$  prove that  $(3, 1 - \sqrt{-5}) \cap (2, 1 + \sqrt{-5}) = (1 - \sqrt{-5})$ .

3. [30 points] Let  $\mathbb{F}_3$  denote the field of 3 elements. In each of the following cases of  $f \in \mathbb{F}_3[X]$ , determine whether the ring  $R = \mathbb{F}_3[X]/(f)$  is a field, whether it has a nonzero nilpotent, and whether it has a nontrivial idempotent.

(a)  $f(X) = X^2 + X + 1$  (b)  $f(X) = X^2 + 1$  (c)  $f(X) = X^2 + 2$ 

## 4. [15 points]

Find two maximal ideals containing  $I = (X^2 + Y^2 - 1, X + Y - 1)$  in  $R = \mathbb{C}[X, Y]$ . Prove that these two are the only ideals containing I apart from I and R.

- 5. [7 points] Find all the units in  $\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{-3}]$ .
- 6. [15 points] Prove that  $\mathbb{Z}[\omega]$  is a Euclidean domain.
- 7. [8 points] Give an example of a ring R that is not a domain and in which every ideal is principal.